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# **Fixed Income**

## LEARNING OUTCOMES

## **Fixed-Income Instrument Features**

## The candidate should be able to:

- □ describe the features of a fixed-income security
- □ describe the contents of a bond indenture and contrast affirmative and negative covenants

## **Fixed-Income Cash Flows and Types**

## The candidate should be able to:

- □ describe common cash flow structures of fixed-income instruments and contrast cash flow contingency provisions that benefit issuers and investors
- □ describe how legal, regulatory, and tax considerations affect the issuance and trading of fixed-income securities

#### **Fixed-Income Issuance and Trading**

- □ describe fixed-income market segments and their issuer and investor participants
- □ describe types of fixed-income indexes
- $\hfill\square$  compare primary and secondary fixed-income markets to equity markets

## **Fixed-Income Markets for Corporate Issuers**

#### The candidate should be able to:

- compare short-term funding alternatives available to corporations and financial institutions
- □ describe repurchase agreements (repos), their uses, and their benefits and risks
- □ contrast the long-term funding of investment-grade versus high-yield corporate issuers

#### **Fixed-Income Markets for Government Issuers**

## The candidate should be able to:

- □ describe funding choices by sovereign and non-sovereign governments, quasi-government entities, and supranational agencies
- □ contrast the issuance and trading of government and corporate fixed-income instruments

#### **Fixed-Income Bond Valuation: Prices and Yields**

## The candidate should be able to:

- □ calculate a bond's price given a yield-to-maturity on or between coupon dates
- □ identify the relationships among a bond's price, coupon rate, maturity, and yield-to-maturity
- □ describe matrix pricing

## **Yield and Yield Spread Measures for Fixed-Rate Bonds**

#### The candidate should be able to:

- □ calculate annual yield on a bond for varying compounding periods in a year
- □ compare, calculate, and interpret yield and yield spread measures for fixed-rate bonds

#### Yield and Yield Spread Measures for Floating-Rate Instruments

## The candidate should be able to:

- □ calculate and interpret yield spread measures for floating-rate instruments
- $\hfill\square$  calculate and interpret yield measures for money market instruments

## The Term Structure of Interest Rates: Spot, Par, and Forward Curves

#### The candidate should be able to:

- □ define spot rates and the spot curve, and calculate the price of a bond using spot rates
- □ define par and forward rates, and calculate par rates, forward rates from spot rates, spot rates from forward rates, and the price of a bond using forward rates
- □ compare the spot curve, par curve, and forward curve

## **Interest Rate Risk and Return**

- □ calculate and interpret the sources of return from investing in a fixed-rate bond;
- □ describe the relationships among a bond's holding period return, its Macaulay duration, and the investment horizon;
- □ define, calculate, and interpret Macaulay duration.

## **Yield-Based Bond Duration Measures and Properties**

#### The candidate should be able to:

- □ define, calculate, and interpret modified duration, money duration, and the price value of a basis point (PVBP)
- □ explain how a bond's maturity, coupon, and yield level affect its interest rate risk

## **Yield-Based Bond Convexity and Portfolio Properties**

#### The candidate should be able to:

- □ calculate and interpret convexity and describe the convexity adjustment
- □ calculate the percentage price change of a bond for a specified change in yield, given the bond's duration and convexity
- □ calculate portfolio duration and convexity and explain the limitations of these measures

#### **Curve-Based and Empirical Fixed-Income Risk Measures**

## The candidate should be able to:

- □ explain why effective duration and effective convexity are the most appropriate measures of interest rate risk for bonds with embedded options
- □ calculate the percentage price change of a bond for a specified change in benchmark yield, given the bond's effective duration and convexity
- □ define key rate duration and describe its use to measure price sensitivity of fixed-income instruments to benchmark yield curve changes
- □ describe the difference between empirical duration and analytical duration

## **Credit Risk**

#### The candidate should be able to:

- describe credit risk and its components, probability of default and loss given default
- □ describe the uses of ratings from credit rating agencies and their limitations
- □ describe macroeconomic, market, and issuer-specific factors that influence the level and volatility of yield spreads

#### **Credit Analysis for Government Issuers**

#### The candidate should be able to:

□ explain special considerations when evaluating the credit of sovereign and non-sovereign government debt issuers and issues

#### **Credit Analysis for Corporate Issuers**

#### The candidate should be able to:

- □ describe the qualitative and quantitative factors used to evaluate a corporate borrower's creditworthiness
- □ calculate and interpret financial ratios used in credit analysis
- □ describe the seniority rankings of debt, secured versus unsecured debt and the priority of claims in bankruptcy, and their impact on credit ratings

#### **Fixed-Income Securitization**

- explain benefits of securitization for issuers, investors, economies, and financial markets
- □ describe securitization, including the parties and the roles they play

## Asset-Backed Security (ABS) Instrument and Market Features

## The candidate should be able to:

- □ describe characteristics and risks of covered bonds and how they differ from other asset-backed securities
- □ describe typical credit enhancement structures used in securitizations
- □ describe types and characteristics of non-mortgage asset-backed securities, including the cash flows and risks of each type
- □ describe collateralized debt obligations, including their cash flows and risks

## Mortgage-Backed Security (MBS) Instrument and Market Features

- □ define prepayment risk and describe time tranching structures in securitizations and their purpose
- □ describe fundamental features of residential mortgage loans that are securitized
- describe types and characteristics of residential mortgage-backed securities, including mortgage pass-through securities and collateralized mortgage obligations, and explain the cash flows and risks for each type
- □ describe characteristics and risks of commercial mortgage-backed securities