

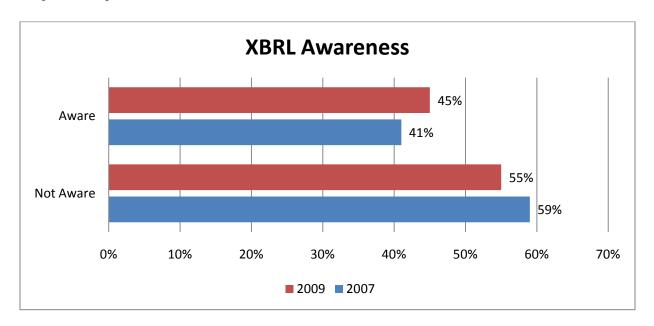
Setting the global standard for investment professionals

#### 2009 XBRL SURVEY RESULTS SHOW AWARENESS AND USAGE INCREASES

The CFA Institute Centre for Financial Market Integrity on 6 November 2009 completed a member survey on eXtensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL). The survey was a follow up to an initial survey conducted in 2007 to determine the current perception of XBRL given the expanding global movements towards its regulatory adoption for reporting financial information. The survey had a 6% response rate from the global solicitation of more than 23,500 CFA Institute members.

#### **XBRL** Awareness on the Rise

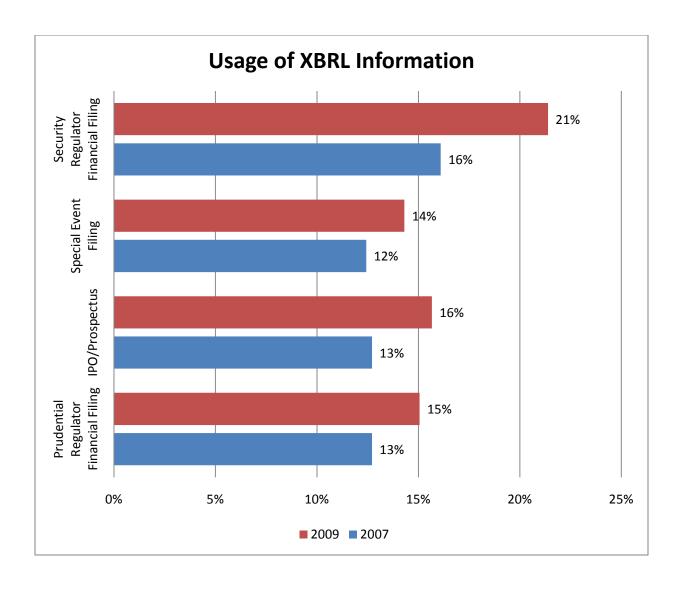
Awareness of XBRL increased to 45 percent of respondents from 41 percent at the 2007 survey. Of the 664 respondents aware of XBRL, 156 of them were also aware of their local regulator's plan regarding the use of XBRL for corporate financial reporting. With countries such as Japan and the US in the initial years of their XBRL reporting requirements, the level of awareness is expected to increase along with the volume of companies and periods filed.



#### **XBRL** Usage Improves

Along with the increased awareness, respondents are using the XBRL filing at a greater level than previously indicated. The transition from voluntary to mandatory XBRL reporting is steadily increasing and provides more opportunities for investors to access and use the XBRL filings. Usage remains primarily focused on PDF-like rendering of the XBRL documents, with a limited number of respondents importing information directly into their financial models.

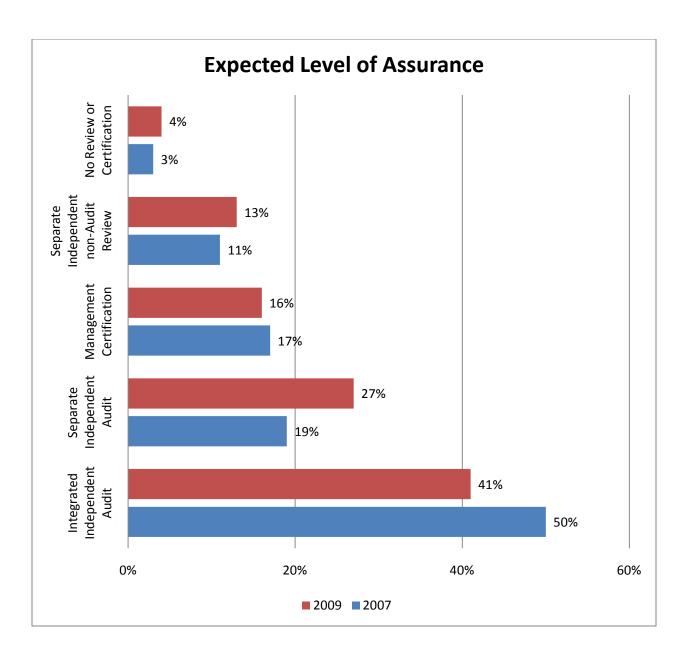




# **Audit Expectations**

The most recent survey indicates meaningful changes in expectations related to necessary reviews and audits of the XBRL tagged filing. While having the XBRL aspects of the filing integrated in the standard independent audit remained the primary option for respondents, the preference dropped to 41 percent from 50 percent. The options that reported increases were related to having separate audits or reviews of the XBRL filings. This change may be explained by the "bolt-on" approach for XBRL reports in mandates such as the one for US public companies.





The remaining questions related to XBRL and general financial information remained consisted with the 2007 survey results. Additional details for both surveys can be found on the CFA Institute Centre's XBRL-related webpages.

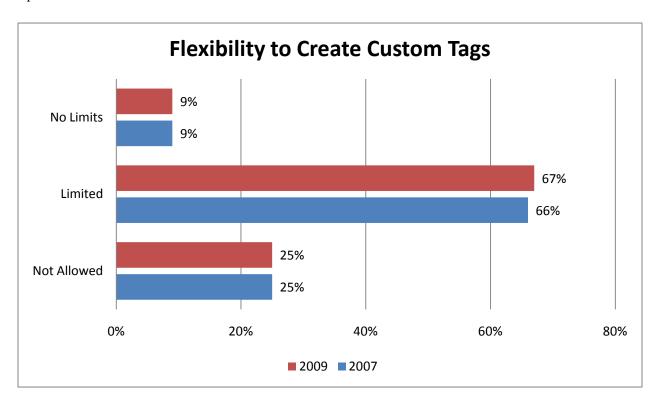


# **XBRL Related Questions**

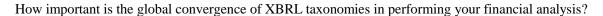
Indicate how the use of XBRL tagged data will most likely affect the following aspects of your evaluation (1 = no effect/improvement to 5 = significant effect/improvement).

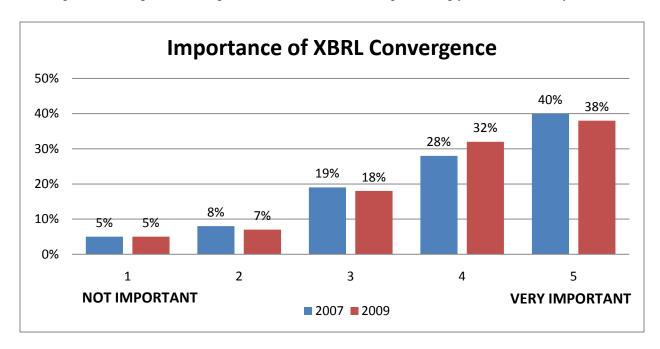
	2007	2009
Upload company data into your financial analysis models		3.9
Make comparisons between companies and/or industries	3.9	3.8
Analyze companies' performance	3.6	3.7
Access companies' data regarding the level of timeliness	3.6	3.6
Access companies' data regarding the level of disaggregation or		
granularity	3.6	3.5
Rely on data used in your analysis	3.4	3.5

What level of flexibility should companies have to create new XBRL data tags to complete their financial reports?



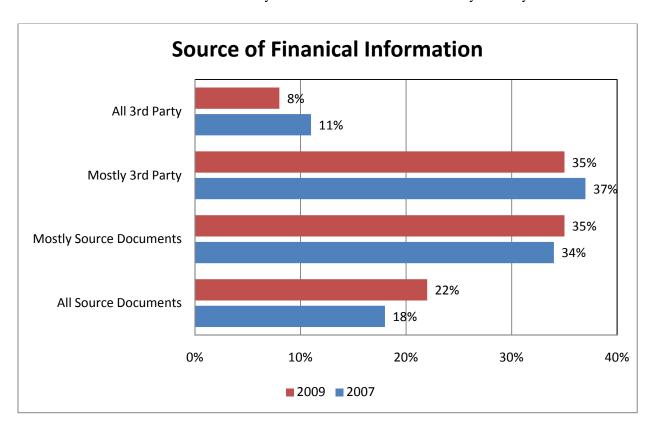






# **General Financial Analysis Questions**

Indicate the method that best describes how you obtain financial information for your analysis.





Indicate the level of importance that each of the following source documents has to your financial analysis. (1=Not important to 5=Very important)

	2007	2009
Annual reports – e.g., 10K filings	4.6	4.7
Interim reports – e.g., 10Q filings	4.1	4.4
Quarterly earnings releases	3.9	4.2
Prospectus/registration statements for IPOs	3.7	3.9
Special events reports – e.g., 8K filings	3.5	3.8
Shareholder reports/proxy statements	3.1	3.3
Periodic supplements/fact books	3.1	3.2

Indicate the level of importance that each of the following data attributes or characteristics have to performing your financial analysis. (1=Not important to 5=Very important)

